

I Mina'Trentai Dos Na Liheslaturan Guahan
Bill Log Sheet

BILL NO.	SPONSOR	TITLE	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	FISCAL NOTES
156-32 (COR)	Judith T. Won Pat, Ed.D., B. J.F. Cruz, T. R. Muna-Barnes, Chris M. Duenas	AN ACT TO CREATE THE GUAM TRADEMARK COMMISSION FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF A CULTURAL TRADEMARK STATUTE FOR THE PROTECTION AND PRESERVATION OF GUAM'S CHAMORRO CULTURAL ARTS	7/19/2013 2:50 p.m.	07/23/13	Committee on Municipal Affairs, Tourism, Housing, and Hagatna Restoration and Development Authority	08/07/13 2:00 p.m.		Fiscal Note Requested 07/24/13 Fiscal Note Received 08/21/13



COMMITTEE ON RULES

I Mina'trentai Dos na Liheslaturan Guåhan • The 32nd Guam Legislature

155 Hester Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910 • www.guamlegislature.com

E-mail: roryforguam@gmail.com • Tel: (671)472-7679 • Fax: (671)472-3547

Senator
Rory J. Respicio
CHAIRPERSON
MAJORITY LEADER

August 21, 2013

Memorandum

To: Rennae Meno
Clerk of the Legislature

From: Senator Rory J. Respicio
Majority Leader & Rules Chair

Subject: Fiscal Note

Hafa Adai!

Attached please find the fiscal note for the bill number listed below. Please note that the fiscal notes, or waivers, are issued on the bills as introduced.

FISCAL NOTE:
Bill Nos. 156-32(COR)

Please forward the same to MIS for posting on our website. Please contact our office should you have any questions regarding this matter.

Si Yu'os ma'åse'!

2013 AUG 21 PM 3:11
[Signature]

Senator
Thomas C. Ada
VICE CHAIRPERSON
ASSISTANT MAJORITY LEADER

Senator
Vicente (Ben) C. Pangelinan
Member

Speaker
Judith T.P. Won Pat, Ed.D.
Member

Senator
Dennis G. Rodriguez, Jr.
Member

Vice-Speaker
Benjamin J.F. Cruz
Member

Legislative Secretary
Tina Rose Muña Barnes
Member

Senator
Frank Blas Aguon, Jr.
Member

Senator
Michael F.Q. San Nicolas
Member

Senator
V. Anthony Ada
Member
MINORITY LEADER

Senator
Aline Yamashita
Member

**Bureau of Budget & Management Research
Fiscal Note of Bill No. 156-32 (COR)**

AN ACT TO CREATE THE GUAM TRADEMARK COMMISSION FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF A CULTURAL TRADEMARK STATUTE FOR THE PROTECTION AND PRESERVATION OF GUAM'S CHAMORRO CULTURAL ARTS

Department/Agency Appropriation Information

Dept./Agency Affected: Department of Chamorro Affairs	Dept./Agency Head: Joseph Artero-Cameron, President
Department's General Fund (GF) appropriation(s) to date:	\$928,856
Department's Other Fund (Specify) appropriation(s) to date:	-
Total Department/Agency Appropriation(s) to date:	\$928,856

Fund Source Information of Proposed Appropriation

	General Fund:	Tourist Attraction Fund:	Total:
FY 2012 Unreserved Fund Balance ¹		\$4,065,015	\$4,065,015
FY 2013 Adopted Revenues	\$0	\$25,500,082	\$25,500,082
FY 2013 Appro. (P.L. 31-233 - P.L. 32-042)	\$0	(\$25,965,080)	(\$25,965,080)
Sub-total:	\$0	\$3,600,017	\$3,600,017
Less appropriation in Bill	\$0	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)
Total:	\$0	\$3,550,017	\$3,550,017

Estimated Fiscal Impact of Bill

	One Full Fiscal Year	For Remainder of FY 2013 (if applicable)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Tourist Attraction Fund	\$50,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$50,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

- Does the bill contain "revenue generating" provisions? / / Yes /X/ No
If Yes, see attachment
- Is amount appropriated adequate to fund the intent of the appropriation? / / N/A /X/ Yes / / No
If no, what is the additional amount required? \$ _____ / / N/A
- Does the Bill establish a new program/agency? /X/ Yes / / No
If yes, will the program duplicate existing programs/agencies? / / N/A / / Yes /X/ No
Is there a federal mandate to establish the program/agency? / / Yes /X/ No
- Will the enactment of this Bill require new physical facilities? / / Yes /X/ No
- Was Fiscal Note coordinated with the affected dept/agency? If no, indicate reason: /X/ Yes / / No
/ / Requested agency comments not received as of the due date / / Other:

Analyst: Arthur R. Mariano Date: 8/7/13 Director: John A. Rios Date: AUG 19 2013

Footnotes:
See Comments Attached

Bureau of Budget & Management Research
Attachment to Fiscal Note No. 156-32 (COR)

Comments:

Sec. 3 of Bill 156-32 (COR) appropriates Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) from the Tourist Attraction Fund (TAF) to the Guam Trademark Commission to fulfill requirements set forth in the respective Bill. Any unexpended funds remaining in the (newly-created) Guam Trademark Commission's budget at the conclusion of its studies shall be deposited to the Guam Economic Development Authority for the Guam Product Seal Program. It should be noted that, based on the FY2012 Audit by the Office of Public Accountability, the FY2012 TAF Balance was \$4,065,015 as of September 30, 2012. The current status of the TAF reflects revenues as tracking positively. However, per §30107 of 11 GCA, TAF funds are to be committed for tourist related operations.



COMMITTEE ON RULES

I Mina'trentai Dos na Liheslaturan Guåhan • The 32nd Guam Legislature
155 Hesler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910 • www.guamlegislature.com
E-mail: roryforguam@gmail.com • Tel: (671)472-7679 • Fax: (671)472-3547

Senator
Rory J. Respicio
CHAIRPERSON
MAJORITY LEADER

Senator
Thomas C. Ada
VICE CHAIRPERSON
ASSISTANT MAJORITY LEADER

Senator
Vicente (Ben) C. Pangelinan
Member

Speaker
Judith T.P. Won Pat, Ed.D.
Member

Senator
Dennis G. Rodriguez, Jr.
Member

Vice-Speaker
Benjamin J.F. Cruz
Member

Legislative Secretary
Tina Rose Muña Barnes
Member

Senator
Frank Blas Aguon, Jr.
Member

Senator
Michael F.Q. San Nicolas
Member

Senator
V. Anthony Ada
Member
MINORITY LEADER

Senator
Aline Yamashita
Member

July 24, 2013

VIA E-MAIL
john.rios@bbmr.guam.gov

John A. Rios
Director
Bureau of Budget & Management Research
P.O. Box 2950
Hagåtña, Guam 96910

RE: Request for Fiscal Notes- Bill Nos. 152-157(COR)

Hafa Adai Mr. Rios:

Transmitted herewith is a listing of *I Mina'trentai Dos na Liheslaturan Guåhan's* most recently introduced bills. Pursuant to 2 GCA §9103, I respectfully request the preparation of fiscal notes for the referenced bills.

Si Yu'os ma'åse' for your attention to this matter.

Very Truly Yours,

Senator Thomas C. Ada
Acting Chairperson of the Committee on Rules

Attachments (1)

Cc: Clerk of the Legislature

2013 JUL 24 AM 11:15
JMB

Bill Nos.	Sponsor	Title
152-32 (COR)	T. R. Muña Barnes	AN ACT TO REZONE LOT NOS. 146-4, 146-5, 146- 6, 146-7 AND 146-R7, IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF MERIZO FROM SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLING ZONE (R-1) TO COMMERCIAL ZONE (C).
153-32 (COR)	Aline A. Yamashita, Ph.D., Dennis G. Rodriguez, Jr.	AN ACT RELATIVE TO THE RIGHTS OF NURSING MOTHERS AND CHILDREN RELATIVE TO BREASTFEEDING TO BE KNOWN AS THE "NANA YAN PATGON ACT," BY ADDING A NEW CHAPTER 4B, DIVISION 1 OF TITLE 19, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED; BY AMENDING SECTION 22107, DIVISION 2, CHAPTER 22 OF TITLE 7, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED; BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 80.49.1 OF CHAPTER 80, ARTICLE 2 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED; AND, BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 1036 TO CHAPTER 10 OF TITLE 1, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED.
154-32 (COR)	T.R. Muna Barnes, B.T. Mc Credie	AN ACT TO ADD NEW §7103(g) OF CHAPTER 7, TITLE 16, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO EXEMPTING FROM VEHICLE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS CERTAIN MOTORIZED UTILITY VEHICLES OPERATED BY GUAM MAYORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH, AND IN FURTHERANCE OF, THEIR STATUTORILY PRESCRIBED DUTY TO OVERSEE, COORDINATE AND OTHERWISE UNDERTAKE THE BEAUTIFICATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THEIR VILLAGES.
155-32 (COR)	R.J. RESPICIO, T.C. ADA, B.J. CRUZ, T.R. MUÑA BARNES, D.G. RODRIGUEZ, A.A.Y AMASHITA, Ph.D. V.A. ADA	AN ACT TO ACCEPT AND APPROVE THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE APPENDED AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE BANK OF GUAM AND I LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN, WITH THE ASSISTANCE AND ADVICE OF THE GUAM ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (GEDA), RELATIVE TO FINANCING THE RECONSTRUCTION OF THE HISTORIC GUAM LEGISLATURE BUILDING IN HAGÁTÑA, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE GUAM PRESERVATION TRUST, TO INCLUDE MODERNIZING, REFURBISHING AND RESTORING THE EXISTING STRUCTURE, WHICH IS AN IMPORTANT COMPONENT OF THE REVITALIZATION OF HAGÁTÑA.
156-32 (COR)	Judith T. Won Pat, Ed.D. B.J.F. Cruz Tina R. Muna Barnes C. M. Duenas	AN ACT TO CREATE THE GUAM TRADEMARK COMMISSION FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF A CULTURAL TRADEMARK STATUTE FOR THE PROTECTION AND PRESERVATION OF GUAM'S CHAMORRO CULTURAL ARTS
157-32 (COR)	T.C. Ada R.J. Respicio B.J. Cruz	AN ACT TO ADD A NEW §5404 TO 5 GCA CHAPTER 5 RELATIVE TO THE PROCEEDS DERIVED FROM THE DISPOSAL OF EXCESS OR SURPLUS SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT.



COMMITTEE ON RULES

I Mina'trentai Dos na Liheslaturan Guåhan • The 32nd Guam Legislature

155 Hesler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910 • www.guamlegislature.com

E-mail: roryforguam@gmail.com • Tel: (671)472-7679 • Fax: (671)472-3547

Senator
Rory J. Respicio
CHAIRPERSON
MAJORITY LEADER

July 23, 2013

Senator
Thomas C. Ada
VICE CHAIRPERSON
ASSISTANT MAJORITY LEADER


MEMORANDUM

Senator
Vicente (Ben) C. Pangelinan
Member

To: Rennae Meno
Clerk of the Legislature

Attorney Therese M. Terlaje
Legislative Legal Counsel

Speaker
Judith T.P. Won Pat, Ed.D.
Member

From: Senator Thomas C. Ada 
Acting Chairperson of the Committee on Rules

Senator
Dennis G. Rodriguez, Jr.
Member

Subject: Referral of Bill No. 156-32(COR)

Vice-Speaker
Benjamin J.F. Cruz
Member

As the Acting Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, I am forwarding my referral of **Bill No. 156-32(COR)**.

Legislative Secretary
Tina Rose Muña Barnes
Member

Please ensure that the subject bill is referred, in my name, to the respective committee, as shown on the attachment. I also request that the same be forwarded to all members of *I Mina'trentai Dos na Liheslaturan Guåhan*.

Senator
Frank Blas Aguon, Jr.
Member

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact our office at 472-7679.

Senator
Michael F.Q. San Nicolas
Member

Si Yu'os Ma'åse!

Senator
V. Anthony Ada
Member
MINORITY LEADER

Attachment

Senator
Aline Yamashita
Member

I MINA'TRENTAI DOS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÁHAN
2013 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 156-02 (COR)

Introduced by:

Judith T. Won Pat, Ed.D.
B. J.F. Cruz
Tina R. Muna Barnes
C. M. Duenas

**AN ACT TO CREATE THE GUAM TRADEMARK
COMMISSION FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF A
CULTURAL TRADEMARK STATUTE FOR THE
PROTECTION AND PRESERVATION OF GUAM'S
CHAMORRO CULTURAL ARTS.**

2013 JUL 19 PM 2:50

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. *I Liheslatura* finds that intellectual property rights (IP) are the main asset of any company. Trademarks specifically, have the purpose of identifying the goods and services of any industry in addition to representing the capital gain of the business. Locally, businesses or individuals can protect their intellectual property rights, trademarks and copyrights under the US Trademark Act (15 USC 1051 et seq.) and the Model State Trademark Act. However, such filings must be made with the U.S. Federal Trademark and Patent office.

In 1995, P.L. 23-62 (5 GCA Chapter 20, Article 4) was enacted to provide an applicant the ability to locally register a U.S. trademark, patent or copyright within the Territory of Guam. The statute further provides for a Guam Certificate

1 of Registration for any person desiring to register a print, label or trademark
2 intended to be attached or applied to goods or manufactured articles or to bottles,
3 boxes or package containing the goods or manufactured articles. However, the
4 statue needs to be revisited to provide more comprehensive guidelines and better
5 legal protection for those products made and registered exclusively on Guam.

6 Guam's unique Chamorro culture is evident in our island's cultural arts,
7 traditions, and expressions that span for thousands of years. Ancient Chamorros
8 practiced sustainable land use and resource management through irrigated farming,
9 land cultivation, fishpond building, near-shore fishing conservation and legendary
10 seafaring navigation utilizing the world renowned Chamorro *Proa* design.

11 In the expressive cultural arts, Chamorros developed highly refined art forms
12 including weaving, wood, bone and stone carving, tattooing, adornments, clothing,
13 musical instruments, weaponry, medicines and healing arts.

14 The cultural arts of Chamorros practiced today are a vital and authentic
15 expression of a dynamic culture. The practice of these customary arts are visible in
16 daily practices through ceremonies of dance, music, and sacred rites. Many
17 Chamorro native artists today are actively rediscovering and reviving their cultural
18 traditions.

19 Chamorro cultural arts are being lost through limited access to raw
20 materials, a flood of imitations in the marketplace, and stereotyped overuse or
21 culturally inappropriate use in public environments. As is the case for many
22 indigenous peoples throughout the world, Chamorros are in danger of losing these
23 unique cultural practices through assimilation into the dominant Westernized
24 society.

25 A new generation of local artists and entrepreneurs are engaged in
26 revitalization of our culture through their artwork, hand crafted gift items,

1 carvings, jewelry making, t-shirt designs, music, dance, film, paintings,
2 photography and other locally made products. Many local artists struggle to
3 maintain authentic cultural practices and preserve the viability of supporting
4 themselves as artists against the pressures of mass tourism and related
5 commoditization and labeling of all things "Chamorro" or "Made in Guam" to the
6 million visitors who come to Guam every year.

7 Purchasers who cannot distinguish (or appreciate the difference) between a
8 hand-made necklace of unique shells or other authentic artifacts gathered from the
9 shores of Guam having a value of several hundred of dollars from one made of
10 look-alike plastic molded shells strung together in a "copycat style" made in
11 Taiwan or the Philippines.

12 This type of uninformed purchasing by visitors (and even local residents)
13 repeated every day for practically every item of the cultural arts across the entire
14 tourism industry results in the devaluing of authentic native cultural artworks and
15 the inability of native cultural artisans making quality products to support
16 themselves through their art.

17 In 1986, the 18th Guam Legislature recognized that identification and
18 protectionist measures needed to be instituted to protect products made in Guam,
19 and offer the pride and proof that comes with boasting of an authentic product of
20 Guam. The creation of the Guam Product Seal permit program was intended to
21 address this concern and provide island pride in Guam made products. The
22 enabling legislation that provided for a Guam Product Seal program was contained
23 in Public Law 18-42.

24 In 2012, P.L. 227-31 established the Guam Product Seal Task Force to
25 reenergize the Guam Product Seal concept and revisit, some twenty-five (25) years
26 later, the mandate and its accompanying administrative rules, in order to provide

1 incentives for permit holders, ensure compliance and enforcement by stakeholders
2 and the retail industry in Guam and to actively engage in the promotion of the
3 Guam brand by emphasizing the distinctiveness of offerings that proudly carry the
4 "Made in Guam" label.

5 As a result of the work and findings of the task force, P.L. 226-31 was
6 adopted promulgating the rules and regulations to prohibit any retail store,
7 wholesaler, manufacturer, importer, distributor or business establishment to sell
8 any consumer commodity that has the word "Guam" or "Chamorro," or a
9 derivation of such words, on the packaging of the product, if such product was not
10 manufactured in Guam, unless the place where the product was manufactured is
11 clearly and permanently labeled on the product.

12 Although the Guam Product Seal Program offers some regulatory control
13 and protection of products made in Guam, *I Liheslatura* finds that we must further
14 protect our native *Chamorro* culture, traditional practices and evolving new
15 cultural practices (art, music, dance, lyrics, video, film, photography, etc.) through
16 a comprehensive local intellectual property rights and cultural trademark statute.

17 Internationally, protection of surviving expressions of native cultures,
18 traditional cultural expression (acronym "TCE" or "TKE") has been studied at the
19 highest levels by the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) under
20 mandate from the World Convention on Biodiversity of 1992 that was signed by
21 187 countries including the United States. WIPO is a specialized agency of the
22 United Nations dedicated to developing a balanced and accessible international
23 intellectual property (IP) system that rewards creativity, stimulates innovation and
24 contributes to economic development worldwide while safeguarding the public
25 interest. It studies and recommends international treaty regimes to Member States

1 to promote the protection of Intellectual Property Rights worldwide through
2 cooperation among states and in collaboration with international organizations.

3 For decades, American Indian tribes also experienced a long period during
4 which cultural arts were degraded by outside producers making imitation "Indian"
5 products and selling them in markets catering to reservation visitors. The U.S.
6 Congress first enacted the Indian Arts and Crafts Act in 1935, and it was
7 reauthorized in 1990 with several significant changes to the original statute. The
8 IACA reserved to tribal members the exclusive use of designations of "Indian
9 Made" and specific tribal trademarks for authentic products hand-made by Native
10 Americans, providing for civil and criminal penalties of up to \$250,000 in fines
11 and 5 years in prison for individuals and fines up to \$1,000,000 for businesses.

12 Under federal U.S. trademark law, a trademark may certify products or
13 services as endorsed, approved by, or associated with a particular group of people,
14 even a racial or ethnic group. For example, service marks such as "NAACP",
15 "Knights of Columbus", "Daughters of the American Revolution", or "Chinese
16 Chamber of Commerce" are not illegal or unconstitutional even if the service
17 organization has a membership that is limited to a particular race or ethnicity.

18 One of the most successful examples of a cultural (certification) trademark
19 program has been the Maori "Toi Iho" program in New Zealand. Initial legislation
20 was enacted to undertake a process of consultation with the Maori artists and tribal
21 communities for consensus building beginning in Year 2000, funded with about
22 \$NZ 2 million. The Toi Iho cultural trademark program was implemented through
23 legislation enacted in 2002, and is administered through the Arts Council of New
24 Zealand in consultation with its parallel Maori arts agency, the Te Waka Toi
25 Cultural Arts Board. In a short time, the Toi Iho program has become successful in
26 establishing the Toi Iho Logo as a symbol of excellence in Maori cultural arts.

1 In 2016, Guam will host the 12th Annual Festival of the Pacific Arts. The
2 festival brings together artists and cultural practitioners from around the Pacific
3 region for two weeks of festivity. The festival is recognized as a major regional
4 cultural event, and is the largest gathering in which the people of the Pacific unite
5 to enhance their respect and appreciation of one another. The festival is held every
6 four years since 1972 and delegations from 27 Pacific Island Nations and
7 Territories have come together to share and exchange their cultures at each Pacific
8 Arts Festival. Guam expects a delegation of over 2,500 performers, artists and
9 cultural practitioners, in addition to thousands of visitors from Asia and festival
10 followers. P.L. 30-83 created the 12th Festival of the Pacific Arts Coordinating
11 Committee with the duties of organizing and planning the festival. It was discussed
12 in these planning meetings that it is imperative, prior to this festival, that Guam
13 have a local statute in place for the protection of local intellectual property rights
14 and cultural trademarks for Guam and other participating countries.

15 **Section 2.** A new Chapter 14 is hereby *added* of Title 2 Guam Code
16 Annotated to read:

17 **“Chapter 14**

18 **Guam Trademark Commission**

- 19 § 14101. Short Title.
20 § 14102. Guam Trademark Commission.
21 § 14103. Convening of the Guam Trademark Commission.
22 § 14104. Composition of Guam Trademark Commission.
23 § 14105. Duties of Commission
24 § 14106. Conduct of Meetings.
25

1 **§ 14101. Short Title.** This Chapter shall be known as *The Guam*
2 *Trademark Commission Act.*

3 **§ 14102. Guam Trademark Commission, established.** The
4 Guam Trademark Commission is hereby established for the special purpose
5 of developing policy direction and recommendations relative to
6 coordination, planning, implementation, administration, promotion,
7 compliance and enforcement of the “Guam Trademark and Intellectual
8 Property Rights Act” and the “Guam Cultural Trademark Act”.

9 **§ 14103. Convening of the Guam Trademark**
10 **Commission.** The Guam Trademark Commission shall be under the
11 direction of the Chairperson of the Legislative Committee with oversight
12 over Cultural Affairs and convened pursuant to provisions of this Act.

13 **§ 14104. Composition of Guam Trademark Commission.**

14 The composition of the Commission shall be as follows:

15 (a) The Legislative Chairperson with oversight on Cultural Affairs
16 shall serve as the Chairperson of the Commission.

17 (b) The Director of the Department of Revenue and Taxation
18 (DRT), or his assigned representative, shall serve as the Vice-Chairperson.
19 DRT is empowered to enforce regulations and collect levies and fines from
20 companies found in violation of the law;

21 (c) The President of the Department of Chamorro Affairs (DCA),
22 or his assigned representative, DCA can offer insight into the uniqueness of
23 the Guam brand and the importance of protecting aspects of
24 the *Chamorro* culture and heritage;

1 (d) The General Manager of the Guam Visitors Bureau (GVB), or
2 his assigned representative, GVB is tasked with promoting the Guam brand
3 in its entirety;

4 (e) The Administrator of the Guam Economic Development
5 Authority (GEDA), or his assigned representative; GEDA offers programs
6 and opportunities for economic development;

7 (f) The Attorney General of Guam or his designated legal
8 representative from the office of the Attorney General; the AGO shall
9 provide guidance on intellectual property rights relative to the Guam brand
10 and opinions as requested;

11 (g) The Chairperson of the Council on Arts and Humanities
12 (CAHA), or assigned representative;

13 (h) One (1) member of *ILiheslatura* Majority appointed by the
14 Speaker. The Speaker may appoint herself or a designee.

15 (i) One (1) member of *ILiheslatura* Minority appointed by the
16 Speaker.

17 (j) Three (2) members appointed by the Speaker of *ILiheslatura*
18 representing organizations active in the promotion of Chamorro Cultural
19 Arts on Guam.

20 (k) The Chairperson may include additional public and private
21 sector members to serve on sub-committees or elect them as committee
22 members, provided that they possess significant background, knowledge and
23 experience with locally produced products; and the Commission may
24 prescribe special procedures for their participation.

1 **§ 14105. Duties of the Commission.** The Commission shall work
2 collaboratively to create policy recommendations, rules and legislation for
3 two (2) specific areas in defining and developing a Guam Trademark Law:

4 (1) A new “Guam Trademark and Intellectual Property Rights Act”
5 to create and regulate the trademark law in Guam as it relates to or mirrors
6 current applicable U.S. Trademark and Intellectual Property Rights statute
7 and provide additional statute as needed.

8 (2) A cultural (certification) trademark program, titled “Guam
9 Cultural Trademark Act” (similar to that of the Maori "Toi Iho" program in
10 New Zealand) to promote and license Chamorro Cultural Arts manufactured
11 or produced in Guam. The Commission may hire professional legal or
12 technical services to assist and perform studies, roundtables, conduct polls,
13 surveys and/or conferences to report findings and present initial guidelines
14 for a Guam Cultural Trademark program so that a proposal can be presented
15 to the broader community as a concrete, well-considered, and cohesive
16 program. Guidelines should be discussed to include, but not limited to the
17 following types of issues:

18 (a) Identification of initial types of cultural arts for use of
19 trademark.

20 (b) Criteria for lineage of cultural knowledge qualifying for
21 use of trademark.

22 (c) Criteria for authenticity of works qualifying for use of
23 trademark.

24 (d) Criteria for quality of works qualifying for use of
25 trademark.

1 (e) Criteria for cultural content qualifying for use of
2 trademark.

3 (f) Sources, meanings and extrinsic functions of proposed
4 trademark image.

5 (g) Proposed process for certifying artists for use of
6 trademark.

7 (h) Proposed process for certifying arts organizations for use
8 of trademark.

9 (i) Proposed process for certifying vendors for use of
10 trademark.

11 (j) Proposed terms for use of trademark in advertising,
12 marketing, sales.

13 The Commission shall submit proposed legislation after its study for a
14 new “Guam Trademark and Intellectual Property Rights (IP) Act” and the
15 “Guam Cultural Trademark Act” to *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* no later than one
16 hundred eighty (180) calendar days from the date of enactment of this Act,
17 and shall be subject to legislative approval and perform all functions
18 necessary to effectuate the mission of the Commission as adopted.

19 **§ 14106. Conduct of Meetings, Quorum.** The Commission shall
20 meet once a month to discuss and assess progress and recommendations.

21 A simple majority of members of the council shall constitute a
22 quorum to do business; any action taken by the council shall be by a simple
23 majority of the members.

24 **Section 3. Appropriation.** The sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars
25 (\$50,000.00) is hereby appropriated from the Tourist Attraction Fund (TAF) to the
26 Guam Trademark Commission to fulfill the requirements of §14105 of this

1 Chapter. Any unexpended funds remaining in the Commission's budget at the
2 conclusion of its studies shall be deposited to the Guam Economic Development
3 Authority for the Guam Product Seal Program.

4 **Section 4. Effective Date.** Provisions of this Act shall take effect upon
5 enactment into law. The first meeting of the Guam Trademark Commission shall
6 take place no later than twenty (20) days after enactment. If the twentieth (20th)
7 day of the first meeting and subsequent meetings fall on a Saturday, Sunday or a
8 government of Guam holiday, than the first meeting of the Commission shall take
9 place on the next available business day.

10 **Section 5. Sunset Provision.** The Guam Trademark Commission shall
11 remain in effect until the adoption of recommendations of the Guam Trademark
12 Commission are approved by *I Liheslaturan Guåhan*.

13 **Section 6. Severability Clause.** If any provisions of this Act or the
14 application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such validity
15 shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Act which can be given
16 effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of
17 this Act are severable.